

CONVEYANCE & DESCENT

HISTORICAL HOLDER REGISTER

Manor:

ABINGER MANOR

Location:

Abinger, Surrey

Recorded historical holders:

28

Export date:

15 October 2026, 11:19 GMT+0000

Public record URL:https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_manor=abinger-manor

Colour key: green - direct blood, blue - collateral, purple - marriage-linked blood, amber - in-law, grey - unclassified. Colours describe the saved relationship classification, not documentary certainty.

SUCCESSION AT A GLANCE

Earliest recorded holder to present. Relationship descriptions are reproduced from saved published paths; categories are not evidence ratings.

1. William Fitz Ansculf, Tenant-in-chief, holder of the honour of Dudley, Norman landholder, Domesday tenant-in-chief, holder of the barony of Dudley | 1086 - after 1086

Transfer: Held at the time of the Domesday Survey as tenant-in-chief; the source describes the later descent of the overlordship with the honour of Dudley.

Holding: Other / Domesday tenant-in-chief and overlord

Relationship to present holder: Not recorded

2. Geoffrey de Jarpenvill | early 13th century - before 1273

Transfer: Held a knight's fee in Abinger; the source places the Jarpenvill family in the immediate history of the manor before David de Jarpenvill's recorded tenure.

Holding: Jarpenvill family / Co-holders: David de Jarpenvill, Thomas de Jarpenvill, Roger de Jarpenvill

Relationship to present holder: Not recorded

3. David de Jarpenvill | 1273 - 1293

Transfer: Recorded as holding Abinger Manor in 1273; he died in 1293.

Holding: Jarpenvill family / Co-holders: Geoffrey de Jarpenvill, Thomas de Jarpenvill, Roger de Jarpenvill

Relationship to present holder: Not recorded

4. Thomas de Jarpenvill | 1293 - before 1316

Transfer: Obtained possession after the death of his brother David de Jarpenvill and in 1295 settled the manor on himself, with remainder to his son Roger and Roger's wife Nora.

Holding: Jarpenvill family / Co-holders: Geoffrey de Jarpenvill, David de Jarpenvill, Roger de

Jarpenvill

Relationship to present holder: Not recorded

5. Roger de Jarpenvill | before 1316 - after 1332

Transfer: Succeeded his father Thomas de Jarpenvill before 1316 and was holding the manor in 1322; in 1332 he settled it on his son Thomas and Thomas's wife Avice.

Holding: Jarpenvill family / Co-holders: Geoffrey de Jarpenvill, David de Jarpenvill, Thomas de Jarpenvill

Relationship to present holder: Not recorded

6. Thomas de Jarpenvill | 1332 - after 1348

Transfer: Received the manor under a 1332 settlement by his father Roger, with Avice, daughter of William de Latimer, as his wife; the settlement was challenged in 1348.

Holding: Other / Jarpenvill settlement

Relationship to present holder: Not recorded

7. Sir John de Aylesbury, Knight, high sheriff of Buckinghamshire | after 1360 - 1409

Transfer: Acquired the interest in Abinger Manor after claims by descendants of David de Jarpenvill; Hugh son of Margaret de la Marlere and Margery Franklin released their rights to him.

Holding: Aylesbury family / Co-holders: Thomas de Aylesbury, John de Aylesbury, Hugh de Aylesbury

Relationship to present holder: Not recorded

8. Thomas de Aylesbury | 1409 - 1418

Transfer: Succeeded his father Sir John de Aylesbury and held until his death in 1418.

Holding: Aylesbury family / Co-holders: Sir John de Aylesbury, John de Aylesbury, Hugh de Aylesbury

Relationship to present holder: Not recorded

9. John de Aylesbury | 1418 - 1422

Transfer: Succeeded his father Thomas de Aylesbury while a minor and died in 1422.

Holding: Aylesbury family / Co-holders: Sir John de Aylesbury, Thomas de Aylesbury, Hugh de Aylesbury

Relationship to present holder: Not recorded

10. Hugh de Aylesbury | 1422 - circa 1423

Transfer: Inherited from his father John de Aylesbury as an infant and survived him by only about a year.

Holding: Aylesbury family / Co-holders: Sir John de Aylesbury, Thomas de Aylesbury, John de Aylesbury

Relationship to present holder: Not recorded

11. Eleanor Aylesbury and Sir Humphrey Stafford, Sir Humphrey Stafford was a knight | circa 1423 - 1486

Transfer: After Hugh de Aylesbury's death the inheritance was divided between his aunts Isabel, wife of Sir Thomas Chaworth, and Eleanor Aylesbury; Abinger fell to Eleanor's share and passed through her marriage to Sir Humphrey Stafford.

Holding: Share / Eleanor's share of the divided Aylesbury inheritance; the source does not quantify the share / Aylesbury and Stafford families

Relationship to present holder: Not recorded

12. Sir John Guldeford, Knight | 1486 - 1511

Transfer: Following Humphrey Stafford's attainder and execution in 1486, the Crown granted his lands, including Abinger Manor, to Sir John Guldeford.

Holding: Crown grant / Co-holders: Sir Richard Jermigan

Relationship to present holder: Not recorded

13. Sir Richard Jermigan, Knight | 1511 - before 1546

Transfer: Received a further Crown grant of Abinger Manor in 1511.

Holding: Crown grant / Co-holders: Sir John Guldeford

Relationship to present holder: Not recorded

14. Humphrey Stafford | before 1546 - 1546

Transfer: The manor had returned to the Stafford family before 1546; Humphrey Stafford died in possession in 1546.

Holding: Stafford family / Co-holders: Sir William Stafford, Dorothy Stafford, Sir Humphrey Stafford and Elizabeth Stafford

Relationship to present holder: Not recorded

15. Humphrey Stafford | 1546 - 1548

Transfer: Succeeded his father Humphrey Stafford as son and heir; died two years later.

Holding: Stafford family / Co-holders: Sir William Stafford, Dorothy Stafford, Sir Humphrey Stafford and Elizabeth Stafford

Relationship to present holder: Not recorded

16. Sir William Stafford, Dorothy Stafford, Sir Humphrey Stafford and Elizabeth Stafford, Sir William Stafford and Sir Humphrey Stafford were knights | 1551 - 1578

Transfer: Sold Abinger Manor to Thomas and Edward Elrington in 1551.

Holding: Joint / Stafford family / Co-holders: Humphrey Stafford

Relationship to present holder: Not recorded

17. Thomas Elrington and Edward Elrington | 1551 - 1578

Transfer: Purchased Abinger Manor from the Stafford parties; the manor was later alienated by the Elringtons in two moieties in 1578 and 1580.

Holding: Joint / Elrington family

Relationship to present holder: Not recorded

18. Richard Brown, trustee for Richard Hill | 1578 - 1595

Transfer: Received one moiety from Thomas and Edward Elrington in 1578; the source describes Brown as trustee for Richard Hill. The interest was later conveyed through Richard Browne to Sir Oliph Leigh in 1595 and acquired by George Evelyn in the same year.

Holding: Trust / One moiety / Hill moiety / Co-holders: Richard Hill

Relationship to present holder: Not recorded

19. William Morgan, Esquire of Chilworth | 1580 - 1589

Transfer: Received the other moiety from Thomas and Edward Elrington in 1580; in 1589 he settled it on his son John.

Holding: Share / One moiety / Morgan moiety / Co-holders: John Morgan

Relationship to present holder: Not recorded

20. Richard Hill and William Morgan | 1586 - 1589

Transfer: Held and exercised the lordship of the two moieties jointly; a court was held in their names in 1586.

Holding: Joint / Two separate moieties held jointly in the names of the respective moiety interests / Joint moiety lords

Relationship to present holder: Not recorded

21. John Morgan | 1589 - 1602

Transfer: Received William Morgan's moiety under the 1589 settlement and settled it on his daughter Anne on her marriage to Edward Randyll in 1602.

Holding: Share / One moiety / Morgan moiety / Co-holders: William Morgan

Relationship to present holder: Not recorded

22. Anne Morgan and Edward Randyll, Edward Randyll was later knighted | 1602 - 1622

Transfer: The Morgan moiety was settled on Anne Morgan at her marriage to Edward Randyll in 1602; Edward Randyll conveyed it to Richard Evelyn in 1622.

Holding: Share / One moiety / Morgan-Randyll moiety

Relationship to present holder: Not recorded

23. Richard Hill, Of Sutton in Shere | 1578 - 1595

Transfer: Beneficial interest in one moiety was represented by Richard Brown as trustee for Richard Hill; the moiety was conveyed in 1595 through Richard Browne to Sir Oliph Leigh and acquired by George Evelyn in the same year.

Holding: Trust / One moiety / Hill moiety / Co-holders: Richard Brown, trustee for Richard Hill

Relationship to present holder: Not recorded

24. Sir Oliph Leigh, of Addington | 1595 - 1595

Transfer: Richard Browne conveyed the Hill-associated moiety to Sir Oliph Leigh in 1595, apparently to avoid selling lands of his more ancient inheritance; the same source says the interest was probably held in trust and was acquired by George Evelyn in the same year.

Holding: Trust / One moiety / Intermediate Leigh holding

Relationship to present holder: Not recorded

25. George Evelyn, Esquire of Wotton, high sheriff of Surrey and Sussex in 1634 is a later family reference and should not be attributed to him without qualification | 1595 - 1622

Transfer: Acquired the Hill-associated moiety from the intermediate Leigh transaction in 1595 and held it until the manor was reunited under Richard Evelyn's acquisition of the other moiety in 1622.

Holding: Share / One moiety / Evelyn moiety

Relationship to present holder: Not recorded

26. Richard Evelyn, Esquire of Wotton | 1622 - after 1622

Transfer: Acquired the Morgan-Randyll moiety from Edward Randyll in 1622, thereby reuniting Abinger Manor with the moiety already held by George Evelyn and the Evelyn family.

Holding: Whole manor after acquisition of the second moiety / Evelyn family / Co-holders: J. H. C. Evelyn

Relationship to present holder: Not recorded

27. Evelyn family of Wotton, Lords of Abinger, members of the Wotton estate family | 1622 - 1913

Transfer: The whole manor remained in the Evelyn family after Richard Evelyn's acquisition of the second moiety; the family is identified in later sources as continuing lords of Abinger.

Holding: Whole manor; family ownership with individual successions not fully documented in the cited sources / Evelyn estate

Relationship to present holder: Not recorded

28. J. H. C. Evelyn, Esquire, J.P., lord of the manor of Abinger | 1913 - after 1913

Transfer: Identified in a 1913 account as lord of the manor of Abinger; the conveyance or succession by which he acquired the manor is not established in the sources located.

Holding: Whole manor, as reported / Evelyn family / Co-holders: Richard Evelyn

Relationship to present holder: Not recorded

DETAILED CONVEYANCE & DESCENT

HOLDER 1

1086 - after 1086

William Fitz Ansculf, Tenant-in-chief, holder of the honour of Dudley, Norman landholder, Domesday tenant-in-chief, holder of the barony of Dudley

Transfer:

Held at the time of the Domesday Survey as tenant-in-chief; the source describes the later descent of the overlordship with the honour of Dudley.

Previous holder:

A huscarle who had held Abinger of King Edward the Confessor

Holding arrangement:

other

Shared holding:

Domesday tenant-in-chief and overlord

Narrative / explanation:

This is evidence of superior lordship or overlordship rather than necessarily the immediate resident lord. William Fitz Ansculf also held the honour of Dudley. The later overlordship evidently passed with Dudley through the Pagenels to the Somery family.

Source citation:

Victoria County History, A History of the County of Surrey, Volume 3, Abinger, section Manors, citing Domesday evidence and the descent of the honour of Dudley.

Source URL:

<https://www.stjameschurchabinger.org/wp-content/uploads/Abinger-1911.pdf>

Other parties:

William Fitz Ansculf

Historical person profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=william-fitz-ansculf-14594

Person dates:

flourished in the late eleventh century

Relationship to present holder

No published relationship path recorded.

HOLDER 2

early 13th century - before 1273

Geoffrey de Jarpenvill

Transfer:

Held a knight's fee in Abinger; the source places the Jarpenvill family in the immediate history of the

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manor before David de Jarpenvill's recorded tenure.

Holding arrangement:

sole

Shared holding:

Jarpenvill family

Narrative / explanation:

The evidence directly links Geoffrey de Jarpenvill with a knight's fee in Abinger, but does not give an exact date or expressly call him lord of the whole manor. He is included as an early Jarpenvill holder associated with the estate, with that qualification preserved.

Source citation:

Victoria County History, A History of the County of Surrey, Volume 3, Abinger, section Manors.

Source URL:

<https://www.stjameschurchabinger.org/wp-content/uploads/Abinger-1911.pdf>

Other parties:

Geoffrey de Jarpenvill

Co-holders:

David de Jarpenvill, Thomas de Jarpenvill, Roger de Jarpenvill

Historical person profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=geoffrey-de-jarpenvill-14595

Person dates:

flourished in the early thirteenth century

Relationship to present holder

No published relationship path recorded.

HOLDER 3**1273 - 1293****David de Jarpenvill****Transfer:**

Recorded as holding Abinger Manor in 1273; he died in 1293.

Previous holder:

Geoffrey de Jarpenvill

Holding arrangement:

sole

Shared holding:

Jarpenvill family

Narrative / explanation:

David de Jarpenvill is the earliest person explicitly described in the principal source as holding Abinger Manor itself.

Source citation:

Victoria County History, A History of the County of Surrey, Volume 3, Abinger, section Manors, stating that David de Jarpenvill was holding Abinger Manor in 1273 and died in 1293.

Source URL:

<https://www.stjameschurchabinger.org/wp-content/uploads/Abinger-1911.pdf>

Other parties:

David de Jarpenvill

Co-holders:

Geoffrey de Jarpenvill, Thomas de Jarpenvill, Roger de Jarpenvill

Previous holder profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=geoffrey-de-jarpenvill-14595

Historical person profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=david-de-jarpenvill-14596

Person dates:

died 1293

Relationship to present holder

No published relationship path recorded.

HOLDER 4

1293 - before 1316

Thomas de Jarpenvill

Transfer:

Obtained possession after the death of his brother David de Jarpenvill and in 1295 settled the manor on himself, with remainder to his son Roger and Roger's wife Nora.

Previous holder:

David de Jarpenvill

Holding arrangement:

sole

Shared holding:

Jarpenvill family

Narrative / explanation:

The source expressly states that after David's death the manor fell into the hands of his brother Thomas. The 1295 settlement created a remainder in Roger and Nora but does not by itself prove that Roger immediately entered possession.

Source citation:

Victoria County History, A History of the County of Surrey, Volume 3, Abinger, section Manors.

Source URL:

<https://www.stjameschurchabinger.org/wp-content/uploads/Abinger-1911.pdf>

Other parties:

Thomas de Jarpenvill

Co-holders:

Geoffrey de Jarpenvill, David de Jarpenvill, Roger de Jarpenvill

Previous holder profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=david-de-jarpenvill-14596

Historical person profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=thomas-de-jarpenvill-14599

Person dates:

flourished mid-fourteenth century

Relationship to present holder

No published relationship path recorded.

HOLDER 5

before 1316 - after 1332

Roger de Jarpenvill

Transfer:

Succeeded his father Thomas de Jarpenvill before 1316 and was holding the manor in 1322; in 1332 he settled it on his son Thomas and Thomas's wife Avice.

Previous holder:

Thomas de Jarpenvill

Holding arrangement:

sole

Shared holding:

Jarpenvill family

Narrative / explanation:

Roger's succession is inferred by the source from his appearance in a dispute concerning Abinger church before 1316 and his recorded holding of the manor in 1322. The 1332 settlement is a documented disposition but its intended effect was later challenged.

Source citation:

Victoria County History, A History of the County of Surrey, Volume 3, Abinger, section Manors.

Source URL:

<https://www.stjameschurchabinger.org/wp-content/uploads/Abinger-1911.pdf>

Other parties:

Roger de Jarpenvill

Co-holders:

Geoffrey de Jarpenvill, David de Jarpenvill, Thomas de Jarpenvill

Previous holder profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=thomas-de-jarpenvill-14599

Historical person profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=roger-de-jarpenvill-14598

Person dates:

flourished early to mid-fourteenth century

Relationship to present holder

No published relationship path recorded.

HOLDER 6**1332 - after 1348****Thomas de Jarpenvill****Transfer:**

Received the manor under a 1332 settlement by his father Roger, with Avice, daughter of William de Latimer, as his wife; the settlement was challenged in 1348.

Previous holder:

Roger de Jarpenvill

Holding arrangement:

other

Shared holding:

Jarpenvill settlement

Narrative / explanation:

This entry records a settlement beneficiary and apparent holder, not an uncontested conveyance. In 1348 Margaret wife of Henry de la Marlere and Margery wife of William de Harpesbourne, descendants of Joan daughter of David de Jarpenvill, brought suit against Thomas. The source says the claimants apparently succeeded in ousting him.

Source citation:

Victoria County History, A History of the County of Surrey, Volume 3, Abinger, section Manors.

Source URL:

<https://www.stjameschurchabinger.org/wp-content/uploads/Abinger-1911.pdf>

Other parties:

Thomas de Jarpenvill, Avice de Jarpenvill

Previous holder profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=roger-de-jarpenvill-14598

Historical person profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=thomas-de-jarpenvill-14599

Person dates:

flourished mid-fourteenth century

Relationship to present holder

No published relationship path recorded.

HOLDER 7**after 1360 - 1409****Sir John de Aylesbury, Knight, high sheriff of Buckinghamshire****Transfer:**

Acquired the interest in Abinger Manor after claims by descendants of David de Jarpenvill; Hugh son of Margaret de la Marlere and Margery Franklin released their rights to him.

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Previous holder:

Thomas de Jarpenvill and claimants descended from David de Jarpenvill

Holding arrangement:

sole

Shared holding:

Aylesbury family

Narrative / explanation:

The precise completion date of the transfer is not stated. The source records Sir John de Aylesbury's claim in 1360 and subsequent releases of rights to him, and states that he died seised of Abinger Manor in 1409.

Source citation:

Victoria County History, A History of the County of Surrey, Volume 3, Abinger, section Manors.

Source URL:

<https://www.stjameschurchabinger.org/wp-content/uploads/Abinger-1911.pdf>

Other parties:

Sir John de Aylesbury

Co-holders:

Thomas de Aylesbury, John de Aylesbury, Hugh de Aylesbury

Historical person profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=sir-john-de-aylesbury-14600

Person dates:

died 1409

Relationship to present holder

No published relationship path recorded.

HOLDER 8**1409 - 1418****Thomas de Aylesbury****Transfer:**

Succeeded his father Sir John de Aylesbury and held until his death in 1418.

Previous holder:

Sir John de Aylesbury

Holding arrangement:

sole

Shared holding:

Aylesbury family

Narrative / explanation:

The source states that Thomas succeeded Sir John and held the manor until his death in 1418.

Source citation:

Victoria County History, A History of the County of Surrey, Volume 3, Abinger, section Manors.

Source URL:

<https://www.stjameschurchabinger.org/wp-content/uploads/Abinger-1911.pdf>

Other parties:

Thomas de Aylesbury

Co-holders:

Sir John de Aylesbury, John de Aylesbury, Hugh de Aylesbury

Previous holder profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=sir-john-de-aylesbury-14600

Historical person profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=thomas-de-aylesbury-14601

Person dates:

died 1418

Relationship to present holder

No published relationship path recorded.

HOLDER 9

1418 - 1422

John de Aylesbury

Transfer:

Succeeded his father Thomas de Aylesbury while a minor and died in 1422.

Previous holder:

Thomas de Aylesbury

Holding arrangement:

sole

Shared holding:

Aylesbury family

Narrative / explanation:

The source identifies John as son and heir of Thomas and records that he died in 1422, leaving his son Hugh as heir.

Source citation:

Victoria County History, A History of the County of Surrey, Volume 3, Abinger, section Manors.

Source URL:

<https://www.stjameschurchabinger.org/wp-content/uploads/Abinger-1911.pdf>

Other parties:

John de Aylesbury

Co-holders:

Sir John de Aylesbury, Thomas de Aylesbury, Hugh de Aylesbury

Previous holder profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=thomas-de-aylesbury-14601

Historical person profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=john-de-aylesbury-14602

Person dates:

died 1422

Relationship to present holder

No published relationship path recorded.

HOLDER 10

1422 - circa 1423

Hugh de Aylesbury

Transfer:

Inherited from his father John de Aylesbury as an infant and survived him by only about a year.

Previous holder:

John de Aylesbury

Holding arrangement:

sole

Shared holding:

Aylesbury family

Narrative / explanation:

Hugh was the infant son and heir of John. The source records that he died approximately a year after his father, after which the inheritance passed to his two paternal aunts.

Source citation:

Victoria County History, A History of the County of Surrey, Volume 3, Abinger, section Manors.

Source URL:

<https://www.stjameschurchabinger.org/wp-content/uploads/Abinger-1911.pdf>

Other parties:

Hugh de Aylesbury

Co-holders:

Sir John de Aylesbury, Thomas de Aylesbury, John de Aylesbury

Previous holder profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=john-de-aylesbury-14602

Historical person profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=hugh-de-aylesbury-14603

Person dates:

died circa 1423

Relationship to present holder

No published relationship path recorded.

HOLDER 11

circa 1423 - 1486

Eleanor Aylesbury and Sir Humphrey Stafford, Sir Humphrey Stafford was a knight

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Transfer:

After Hugh de Aylesbury's death the inheritance was divided between his aunts Isabel, wife of Sir Thomas Chaworth, and Eleanor Aylesbury; Abinger fell to Eleanor's share and passed through her marriage to Sir Humphrey Stafford.

Previous holder:

Hugh de Aylesbury

Holding arrangement:

share

Share / interest:

Eleanor's share of the divided Aylesbury inheritance; the source does not quantify the share

Shared holding:

Aylesbury and Stafford families

Narrative / explanation:

The source expressly states that Abinger fell to Eleanor's share in the ensuing division and passed through her marriage into the Stafford family. The exact date of Eleanor's acquisition and the precise legal form of her joint or marital holding are not given.

Source citation:

Victoria County History, A History of the County of Surrey, Volume 3, Abinger, section Manors.

Source URL:

<https://www.stjameschurchabinger.org/wp-content/uploads/Abinger-1911.pdf>

Other parties:

Eleanor Aylesbury, Sir Humphrey Stafford

Previous holder profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=hugh-de-aylesbury-14603

Historical person profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=eleanor-aylesbury-and-sir-humphrey-stafford-14604

Person dates:

flourished fifteenth century

Relationship to present holder

No published relationship path recorded.

HOLDER 12**1486 - 1511****Sir John Guldeford, Knight****Transfer:**

Following Humphrey Stafford's attainder and execution in 1486, the Crown granted his lands, including Abinger Manor, to Sir John Guldeford.

Previous holder:

Humphrey Stafford

Holding arrangement:

sole

Shared holding:

Crown grant

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Narrative / explanation:

This was a Crown grant following forfeiture or attainder. The source does not state whether Sir John Guldeford retained the manor continuously until the 1511 grant to Sir Richard Jermigan, but it records no intervening holder.

Source citation:

Victoria County History, A History of the County of Surrey, Volume 3, Abinger, section Manors.

Source URL:

<https://www.stjameschurchabinger.org/wp-content/uploads/Abinger-1911.pdf>

Other parties:

Sir John Guldeford

Co-holders:

Sir Richard Jermigan

Previous holder profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=humphrey-stafford-14608

Historical person profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=sir-john-guldeford-14605

Person dates:

flourished late fifteenth century

Relationship to present holder

No published relationship path recorded.

HOLDER 13

1511 - before 1546

Sir Richard Jermigan, Knight

Transfer:

Received a further Crown grant of Abinger Manor in 1511.

Previous holder:

Sir John Guldeford

Holding arrangement:

sole

Shared holding:

Crown grant

Narrative / explanation:

The source records a grant to Sir Richard Jermigan in 1511. It does not specify the exact date or legal mechanism by which the manor returned to the Stafford family before 1546.

Source citation:

Victoria County History, A History of the County of Surrey, Volume 3, Abinger, section Manors.

Source URL:

<https://www.stjameschurchabinger.org/wp-content/uploads/Abinger-1911.pdf>

Other parties:

Sir Richard Jermigan

Co-holders:

Sir John Guldeford

Previous holder profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=sir-john-guldeford-14605

Historical person profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=sir-richard-jermigan-14606

Person dates:

flourished early sixteenth century

Relationship to present holder

No published relationship path recorded.

HOLDER 14

before 1546 - 1546

Humphrey Stafford

Transfer:

The manor had returned to the Stafford family before 1546; Humphrey Stafford died in possession in 1546.

Previous holder:

Sir Richard Jermigan; intervening transfer not identified

Holding arrangement:

sole

Shared holding:

Stafford family

Narrative / explanation:

The source expressly states that Abinger had passed again into the possession of the Staffords before 1546, but does not identify the conveyance or grant that caused the return.

Source citation:

Victoria County History, A History of the County of Surrey, Volume 3, Abinger, section Manors.

Source URL:

<https://www.stjameschurchabinger.org/wp-content/uploads/Abinger-1911.pdf>

Other parties:

Humphrey Stafford

Co-holders:

Sir William Stafford, Dorothy Stafford, Sir Humphrey Stafford and Elizabeth Stafford

Historical person profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=humphrey-stafford-14608

Person dates:

died 1548

Relationship to present holder

No published relationship path recorded.

HOLDER 15**1546 - 1548****Humphrey Stafford****Transfer:**

Succeeded his father Humphrey Stafford as son and heir; died two years later.

Previous holder:

Humphrey Stafford

Holding arrangement:

sole

Shared holding:

Stafford family

Narrative / explanation:

The source identifies this younger Humphrey as the son and heir of the Humphrey who died in 1546 and records his death two years later.

Source citation:

Victoria County History, A History of the County of Surrey, Volume 3, Abinger, section Manors.

Source URL:

<https://www.stjameschurchabinger.org/wp-content/uploads/Abinger-1911.pdf>

Other parties:

Humphrey Stafford

Co-holders:

Sir William Stafford, Dorothy Stafford, Sir Humphrey Stafford and Elizabeth Stafford

Previous holder profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=humphrey-stafford-14608

Historical person profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=humphrey-stafford-14608

Person dates:

died 1548

Relationship to present holder

No published relationship path recorded.

HOLDER 16**1551 - 1578****Sir William Stafford, Dorothy Stafford, Sir Humphrey Stafford and Elizabeth Stafford, Sir William Stafford and Sir Humphrey Stafford were knights****Transfer:**

Sold Abinger Manor to Thomas and Edward Elrington in 1551.

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Previous holder:

Humphrey Stafford

Holding arrangement:

joint

Shared holding:

Stafford family

Narrative / explanation:

The four named Stafford parties joined in the sale of the manor to Thomas and Edward Elrington. The 1551 date is given by the Victoria County History; an antiquarian account gives 1552, so the date should be treated as 1551-1552 rather than as wholly certain.

Source citation:

Victoria County History, A History of the County of Surrey, Volume 3, Abinger, section Manors; compare Topographical History of Surrey for the alternative 1552 dating.

Source URL:

<https://www.stjameschurchabinger.org/wp-content/uploads/Abinger-1911.pdf>

Other parties:

Sir William Stafford, Dorothy Stafford, Sir Humphrey Stafford, Elizabeth Stafford

Co-holders:

Humphrey Stafford

Previous holder profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=humphrey-stafford-14608

Historical person profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=sir-william-stafford-dorothy-stafford-sir-humphrey-stafford-and-elizabeth-stafford-14609

Person dates:

flourished mid-sixteenth century

Relationship to present holder

No published relationship path recorded.

HOLDER 17

1551 - 1578

Thomas Elrington and Edward Elrington

Transfer:

Purchased Abinger Manor from the Stafford parties; the manor was later alienated by the Elringtons in two moieties in 1578 and 1580.

Previous holder:

Sir William Stafford, Dorothy Stafford, Sir Humphrey Stafford and Elizabeth Stafford

Holding arrangement:

joint

Shared holding:

Elrington family

Narrative / explanation:

Thomas Elrington held a court at Abinger in 1563, providing corroborating evidence of the Elringtons'

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manorial lordship. Edward Elrington's 1574 lease of the manor house and lands is also preserved in the Surrey estate evidence.

Source citation:

Victoria County History, A History of the County of Surrey, Volume 3, Abinger, section Manors; Surrey County Council, More than just dry parchment.

Source URL:

<https://www.stjameschurchabinger.org/wp-content/uploads/Abinger-1911.pdf>

Other parties:

Thomas Elrington, Edward Elrington

Previous holder profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=sir-william-stafford-dorothy-stafford-sir-humphrey-stafford-and-elizabeth-stafford-14609

Historical person profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=thomas-elrington-and-edward-elrington-14610

Person dates:

flourished mid-sixteenth century

Relationship to present holder

No published relationship path recorded.

HOLDER 18**1578 - 1595****Richard Brown, trustee for Richard Hill****Transfer:**

Received one moiety from Thomas and Edward Elrington in 1578; the source describes Brown as trustee for Richard Hill. The interest was later conveyed through Richard Browne to Sir Oliph Leigh in 1595 and acquired by George Evelyn in the same year.

Previous holder:

Thomas Elrington and Edward Elrington

Holding arrangement:

trust

Share / interest:

One moiety

Shared holding:

Hill moiety

Narrative / explanation:

This was a trust holding rather than an outright beneficial ownership by Richard Brown. The source uses both Brown and Browne in describing the trustee and his son; the spelling variation is retained in the historical narrative but the parties are treated as the same documented interest only where the source makes the succession explicit.

Source citation:

Victoria County History, A History of the County of Surrey, Volume 3, Abinger, section Manors.

Source URL:

<https://www.stjameschurchabinger.org/wp-content/uploads/Abinger-1911.pdf>

Other parties:

Richard Brown, Richard Hill

Co-holders:

Richard Hill

Previous holder profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=thomas-elrington-and-edward-elrington-14610

Historical person profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=richard-brown-14611

Person dates:

flourished late sixteenth century

Relationship to present holder

No published relationship path recorded.

HOLDER 19

1580 - 1589

William Morgan, Esquire of Chilworth

Transfer:

Received the other moiety from Thomas and Edward Elrington in 1580; in 1589 he settled it on his son John.

Previous holder:

Thomas Elrington and Edward Elrington

Holding arrangement:

share

Share / interest:

One moiety

Shared holding:

Morgan moiety

Narrative / explanation:

William Morgan of Chilworth held one of the two moieties created by the Elrington alienation. Morgan and Richard Hill held a court as joint lords in 1586, demonstrating the parallel manorial status of the two moiety-holders.

Source citation:

Victoria County History, A History of the County of Surrey, Volume 3, Abinger, section Manors.

Source URL:

<https://www.stjameschurchabinger.org/wp-content/uploads/Abinger-1911.pdf>

Other parties:

William Morgan

Co-holders:

John Morgan

Previous holder profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=thomas-elrington-and-edward-elrington-14610

Historical person profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=william-morgan-14612

Person dates:

flourished late sixteenth century

Relationship to present holder

No published relationship path recorded.

HOLDER 20**1586 - 1589****Richard Hill and William Morgan****Transfer:**

Held and exercised the lordship of the two moieties jointly; a court was held in their names in 1586.

Previous holder:

Richard Brown, trustee for Richard Hill, and William Morgan

Holding arrangement:

joint

Share / interest:

Two separate moieties held jointly in the names of the respective moiety interests

Shared holding:

Joint moiety lords

Narrative / explanation:

This entry records the documented exercise of manorial lordship, not a new conveyance. Richard Hill's moiety was held through the trustee Richard Brown, while William Morgan held the other moiety.

Source citation:

Victoria County History, A History of the County of Surrey, Volume 3, Abinger, section Manors.

Source URL:

<https://www.stjameschurchabinger.org/wp-content/uploads/Abinger-1911.pdf>

Other parties:

Richard Hill, William Morgan

Historical person profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=richard-hill-and-william-morgan-14613

Person dates:

flourished late sixteenth century

Relationship to present holder

No published relationship path recorded.

HOLDER 21**1589 - 1602****John Morgan**

Transfer:

Received William Morgan's moiety under the 1589 settlement and settled it on his daughter Anne on her marriage to Edward Randyll in 1602.

Previous holder:

William Morgan

Holding arrangement:

share

Share / interest:

One moiety

Shared holding:

Morgan moiety

Narrative / explanation:

The source records the 1589 settlement on John and the later 1602 settlement on Anne. This is the documented descent of the Morgan moiety and should not be read as a transfer of the separate Hill moiety.

Source citation:

Victoria County History, A History of the County of Surrey, Volume 3, Abinger, section Manors.

Source URL:

<https://www.stjameschurchabinger.org/wp-content/uploads/Abinger-1911.pdf>

Other parties:

John Morgan

Co-holders:

William Morgan

Previous holder profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=william-morgan-14612

Historical person profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=john-morgan-14614

Person dates:

flourished late sixteenth and early seventeenth centuries

Relationship to present holder

No published relationship path recorded.

HOLDER 22

1602 - 1622

Anne Morgan and Edward Randyll, Edward Randyll was later knighted

Transfer:

The Morgan moiety was settled on Anne Morgan at her marriage to Edward Randyll in 1602; Edward Randyll conveyed it to Richard Evelyn in 1622.

Previous holder:

John Morgan

Holding arrangement:

share

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Share / interest:

One moiety

Shared holding:

Morgan-Randyll moiety

Narrative / explanation:

Edward Randyll's 1622 conveyance is the documented transfer by which the Morgan moiety entered the Evelyn estate.

Source citation:

Victoria County History, A History of the County of Surrey, Volume 3, Abinger, section Manors.

Source URL:

<https://www.stjameschurchabinger.org/wp-content/uploads/Abinger-1911.pdf>

Other parties:

Anne Morgan, Edward Randyll

Previous holder profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=john-morgan-14614

Historical person profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=anne-morgan-and-edward-randyll-14615

Person dates:

flourished early seventeenth century

Relationship to present holder

No published relationship path recorded.

HOLDER 23

1578 - 1595

Richard Hill, Of Sutton in Shere

Transfer:

Beneficial interest in one moiety was represented by Richard Brown as trustee for Richard Hill; the moiety was conveyed in 1595 through Richard Browne to Sir Oliph Leigh and acquired by George Evelyn in the same year.

Previous holder:

Thomas Elrington and Edward Elrington

Holding arrangement:

trust

Share / interest:

One moiety

Shared holding:

Hill moiety

Narrative / explanation:

The source identifies Richard Hill as the beneficiary for whom Richard Brown held the moiety in trust. Because the evidence concerns a trust arrangement, Richard Hill is not treated as an undisputed sole legal holder during the whole period.

Source citation:

Victoria County History, A History of the County of Surrey, Volume 3, Abinger, section Manors.

Source URL:

<https://www.stjameschurchabinger.org/wp-content/uploads/Abinger-1911.pdf>

Other parties:

Richard Hill, Richard Brown

Co-holders:

Richard Brown, trustee for Richard Hill

Previous holder profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=thomas-elrington-and-edward-elrington-14610

Historical person profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=richard-hill-14616

Person dates:

flourished late sixteenth century

Relationship to present holder

No published relationship path recorded.

HOLDER 24

1595 - 1595

Sir Oliph Leigh, of Addington

Transfer:

Richard Browne conveyed the Hill-associated moiety to Sir Oliph Leigh in 1595, apparently to avoid selling lands of his more ancient inheritance; the same source says the interest was probably held in trust and was acquired by George Evelyn in the same year.

Previous holder:

Richard Browne, trustee for the Hill interest

Holding arrangement:

trust

Share / interest:

One moiety

Shared holding:

Intermediate Leigh holding

Narrative / explanation:

The Victoria County History expressly treats this conveyance as probably in trust. Sir Oliph Leigh is therefore recorded as an intermediate legal or nominal holder rather than as the certain beneficial owner.

Source citation:

Victoria County History, A History of the County of Surrey, Volume 3, Abinger, section Manors.

Source URL:

<https://www.stjameschurchabinger.org/wp-content/uploads/Abinger-1911.pdf>

Other parties:

Sir Oliph Leigh

Historical person profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=sir-oliph-leigh-14617

Person dates:

flourished late sixteenth century

Relationship to present holder

No published relationship path recorded.

HOLDER 25

1595 - 1622

George Evelyn, Esquire of Wotton, high sheriff of Surrey and Sussex in 1634 is a later family reference and should not be attributed to him without qualification

Transfer:

Acquired the Hill-associated moiety from the intermediate Leigh transaction in 1595 and held it until the manor was reunited under Richard Evelyn's acquisition of the other moiety in 1622.

Previous holder:

Sir Oliph Leigh

Holding arrangement:

share

Share / interest:

One moiety

Shared holding:

Evelyn moiety

Narrative / explanation:

The source states that the moiety conveyed to Sir Oliph Leigh in 1595 was acquired by George Evelyn in the same year. This was the second moiety to enter the Evelyn family; the other moiety was acquired by Richard Evelyn in 1622.

Source citation:

Victoria County History, A History of the County of Surrey, Volume 3, Abinger, section Manors.

Source URL:

<https://www.stjameschurchabinger.org/wp-content/uploads/Abinger-1911.pdf>

Other parties:

George Evelyn

Previous holder profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=sir-oliph-leigh-14617

Historical person profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=george-evelyn-14618

Person dates:

died 1603

Relationship to present holder

No published relationship path recorded.

HOLDER 26**1622 - after 1622****Richard Evelyn, Esquire of Wotton****Transfer:**

Acquired the Morgan-Randyll moiety from Edward Randyll in 1622, thereby reuniting Abinger Manor with the moiety already held by George Evelyn and the Evelyn family.

Previous holder:

Edward Randyll

Holding arrangement:

sole

Share / interest:

Whole manor after acquisition of the second moiety

Shared holding:

Evelyn family

Narrative / explanation:

The 1622 conveyance is the key reunification transaction. The Victoria County History states that the whole manor was thereafter in the possession of the Evelyn family. A separate antiquarian guide gives 1625 and names Edward Radford, but the Victoria County History provides the more detailed moiety-by-moiety account and is preferred here.

Source citation:

Victoria County History, A History of the County of Surrey, Volume 3, Abinger, section Manors; corroborated by Papers on Abinger Church, 1938.

Source URL:

<https://www.stjameschurchabinger.org/wp-content/uploads/Abinger-1911.pdf>

Other parties:

Richard Evelyn

Co-holders:

J. H. C. Evelyn

Historical person profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=richard-evelyn-14619

Person dates:

flourished early seventeenth century

Relationship to present holder

No published relationship path recorded.

HOLDER 27**1622 - 1913****Evelyn family of Wotton, Lords of Abinger, members of the Wotton estate family**

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Transfer:

The whole manor remained in the Evelyn family after Richard Evelyn's acquisition of the second moiety; the family is identified in later sources as continuing lords of Abinger.

Previous holder:

Richard Evelyn

Holding arrangement:

sole

Share / interest:

Whole manor; family ownership with individual successions not fully documented in the cited sources

Shared holding:

Evelyn estate

Narrative / explanation:

The 1911 Victoria County History states that the whole manor was still in the possession of the Evelyn family. The British Library catalogue confirms that Evelyn estate papers for the manor and parish of Abinger survive for 1486-1862, including papers predating the Evelyn acquisition. A 1913 local historical account identifies J. H. C. Evelyn as lord of the manor. The individual conveyances between Richard Evelyn and J. H. C. Evelyn have not been reconstructed here because the sources located do not provide them securely.

Source citation:

Victoria County History, A History of the County of Surrey, Volume 3, Abinger, section Manors; British Library, Evelyn Papers, Add MS 78586-78587; Surrey in the Great War, Abinger page reporting J. H. C. Evelyn as lord of the manor in 1913.

Source URL:

<https://www.stjameschurchabinger.org/wp-content/uploads/Abinger-1911.pdf>

Other parties:

Evelyn family of Wotton

Previous holder profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=richard-evelyn-14619

Historical person profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=evelyn-family-of-wotton-14620

Person dates:

1622-1913 in the sources cited

Relationship to present holder

No published relationship path recorded.

HOLDER 28**1913 - after 1913****J. H. C. Evelyn, Esquire, J.P., lord of the manor of Abinger****Transfer:**

Identified in a 1913 account as lord of the manor of Abinger; the conveyance or succession by which he acquired the manor is not established in the sources located.

Previous holder:

Evelyn family of Wotton

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Holding arrangement:

sole

Share / interest:

Whole manor, as reported

Shared holding:

Evelyn family

Narrative / explanation:

This is the latest securely dated identification of a historical lord of Abinger Manor found in the public sources searched. The source does not establish whether J. H. C. Evelyn held the legal freehold of every element of the former manor, nor does it provide a later transfer. No relationship to any current holder is inferred.

Source citation:

Surrey in the Great War, Abinger parish page, citing the 1913 local context and identifying J. H. C. Evelyn as lord of the manor.

Source URL:

<https://www.surreyinthegreatwar.org.uk/places/surrey/mole-valley/abinger/>

Other parties:

J. H. C. Evelyn

Co-holders:

Richard Evelyn

Previous holder profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=evelyn-family-of-wotton-14620

Historical person profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=j-h-c-evelyn-14621

Person dates:

active by 1913

Relationship to present holder

No published relationship path recorded.