

CONVEYANCE & DESCENT

HISTORICAL HOLDER REGISTER

Manor:

Chepstow

Location:

Monmouthshire

Recorded historical holders:

13

Export date:

15 October 2026, 05:16 GMT+0000

Public record URL:https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_manor=chepstow

Colour key: green - direct blood, blue - collateral, purple - marriage-linked blood, amber - in-law, grey - unclassified. Colours describe the saved relationship classification, not documentary certainty.

SUCCESSION AT A GLANCE

Earliest recorded holder to present. Relationship descriptions are reproduced from saved published paths; categories are not evidence ratings.

1. Sir John Howard, grandson of the 2nd Duke

Transfer: passed_to

Relationship to present holder: Not recorded

2. William FitzOsbern, Earl of Hereford, 1st Earl of Hereford, Norman magnate | late 11th century - 1071

Transfer: granted_to

Relationship to present holder: Not recorded

3. Roger de Breteuil, 2nd Earl of Hereford | 1071 - 1075

Transfer: inherited

Relationship to present holder: Not recorded

4. Gilbert de Clare, Earl of Pembroke, 1st Earl of Pembroke, lord of Striguil/Chepstow, 8th Earl of Gloucester, 7th Earl of Hertford, English nobleman and military leader | late 11th century - 1148

Transfer: granted_to

Relationship to present holder: Not recorded

5. Richard de Clare, 2nd Earl of Pembroke, 3rd Earl of Hertford, Surety of the Magna Carta, Lord of Striguil/Chepstow, 5th Earl of Hertford, 2nd Earl of Gloucester, prominent Anglo-Norman leader in the Norman invasion of Ireland | 1148 - 1176

Transfer: inherited

Chepstow

Relationship to present holder: Not recorded

- 6. **William Marshal, 1st Earl of Pembroke, Marshal of England, royal regent, regent of England, hereditary Marshal of England, Regent and Protector of England during the minority of Henry III | 1189 - 1219**

Transfer: acquired_through_marriage

Relationship to present holder: Not recorded

- 7. **Roger Bigod, 4th Earl of Norfolk, 5th Earl of Norfolk, Marshal of England | 1258 - 1270**

Transfer: inherited

Relationship to present holder: Not recorded

- 8. **Roger Bigod, 5th Earl of Norfolk, 4th Earl of Norfolk, Marshal of England | 1270 - 1306**

Transfer: inherited

Relationship to present holder: Not recorded

- 9. **The Crown | 1306 - 1312**

Transfer: escheated_to

Holding: Other

Relationship to present holder: Not recorded

- 10. **Thomas de Brotherton, Earl of Norfolk, 1st Earl of Norfolk, Marshal of England, son of Edward I, Earl Marshal of England | 1312 - 1338**

Transfer: granted_to

Relationship to present holder: Not recorded

- 11. **Edward III, King of England | 1338 - 1338**

Transfer: surrendered_to

Relationship to present holder: Not recorded

- 12. **John Hastings, Earl of Pembroke, lord of Chepstow | 14th century - 1389**

Transfer: inherited

Relationship to present holder: Not recorded

- 13. **Thomas Mowbray, Duke of Norfolk | 1389 - 1405**

Transfer: inherited

Relationship to present holder: Not recorded

DETAILED CONVEYANCE & DESCENT

HOLDER 1

Dates not recorded

Sir John Howard, grandson of the 2nd Duke

Transfer:

passed_to

Holding arrangement:

sole

Narrative / explanation:

Source role: historical_holder_or_transferee. For a time it remained a Royal manor, but later came to Sir John Howard, grandson of the 2nd Duke.

Source citation:

Lot #13 of Manorial Auctioneers - Undated but Post-2002

Relationship to present holder

No published relationship path recorded.

HOLDER 2

late 11th century - 1071

William FitzOsbern, Earl of Hereford, 1st Earl of Hereford, Norman magnate

Holder position:

holder

Transfer:

granted_to

Holding arrangement:

sole

To / transferee:

William FitzOsbern, Earl of Hereford

Assets / rights concerned:

manor_and_title

Instrument type:

royal grant

Manor and title passed together:

1

Evidence status:

provisional

Chepstow

Narrative / explanation:

After the Norman conquest, the lands around Chepstow, also known as Striguil, were granted to William FitzOsbern, Earl of Hereford, who established the Norman lordship and began the castle works.

Other parties:

William FitzOsbern, Earl of Hereford

Historical person profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=william-fitzosbern

Person dates:

died 1071

Relationship to present holder

No published relationship path recorded.

HOLDER 3

1071 - 1075

Roger de Breteuil, 2nd Earl of Hereford

Holder position:

holder

Transfer:

inherited

Previous holder:

William FitzOsbern, Earl of Hereford

Holding arrangement:

sole

From / transferor:

William FitzOsbern, Earl of Hereford

To / transferee:

Roger de Breteuil, 2nd Earl of Hereford

Assets / rights concerned:

manor_and_title

Instrument type:

hereditary succession followed by royal confiscation

Manor and title passed together:

1

Evidence status:

provisional

Narrative / explanation:

On the death of William FitzOsbern in 1071, his son Roger succeeded to his lands and titles, including the Lordship of Chepstow. The lordship was subsequently confiscated by William I after Roger's rebellion.

Other parties:

Roger de Breteuil, 2nd Earl of Hereford

Previous holder profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=william-fitzosbern

Chepstow

Historical person profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=roger-de-breteuil

Person dates:

fl. 1070s

Relationship to present holder

No published relationship path recorded.

HOLDER 4

late 11th century - 1148

Gilbert de Clare, Earl of Pembroke, 1st Earl of Pembroke, lord of Striguil/Chepstow, 8th Earl of Gloucester, 7th Earl of Hertford, English nobleman and military leader

Holder position:

holder

Transfer:

granted_to

Previous holder:

Roger de Breteuil, 2nd Earl of Hereford

Holding arrangement:

sole

From / transferor:

Roger de Breteuil, 2nd Earl of Hereford

To / transferee:

Gilbert de Clare, Earl of Pembroke

Assets / rights concerned:

manor_and_title

Instrument type:

royal grant

Manor and title passed together:

1

Evidence status:

provisional

Narrative / explanation:

Following royal confiscation, William I granted Chepstow and its castle to Gilbert de Clare, also known as Gilbert Strongbow.

Other parties:

Gilbert de Clare, Earl of Pembroke

Previous holder profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=roger-de-breteuil

Historical person profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=gilbert-de-clare

Person dates:

c. 1100–1148

Relationship to present holder

No published relationship path recorded.

HOLDER 5

1148 - 1176

Richard de Clare, 2nd Earl of Pembroke, 3rd Earl of Hertford, Surety of the Magna Carta, Lord of Striguil/Chepstow, 5th Earl of Hertford, 2nd Earl of Gloucester, prominent Anglo-Norman leader in the Norman invasion of Ireland



Holder position:

holder

Transfer:

inherited

Previous holder:

Gilbert de Clare, Earl of Pembroke

Holding arrangement:

sole

From / transferor:

Gilbert de Clare, Earl of Pembroke

To / transferee:

Richard de Clare, 2nd Earl of Pembroke

Assets / rights concerned:

manor_and_title

Instrument type:

hereditary succession

Manor and title passed together:

1

Evidence status:

provisional

Narrative / explanation:

Richard de Clare, known as Strongbow, succeeded his father Gilbert as Lord of Chepstow and Earl of Pembroke.

Other parties:

Richard de Clare, 2nd Earl of Pembroke

Previous holder profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=gilbert-de-clare

Historical person profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=richard-de-clare

Person dates:

c. 1130–1176

Relationship to present holder

No published relationship path recorded.

HOLDER 6

1189 - 1219

William Marshal, 1st Earl of Pembroke, Marshal of England, royal regent, regent of England, hereditary Marshal of England, Regent and Protector of England during the minority of Henry III

Holder position:

holder

Transfer:

acquired_through_marriage

Previous holder:

Isabel de Clare, suo jure Countess of Pembroke

Holding arrangement:

sole

From / transferor:

Isabel de Clare, suo jure Countess of Pembroke

To / transferee:

William Marshal, 1st Earl of Pembroke

Assets / rights concerned:

manor_and_title

Instrument type:

marriage settlement and succession

Manor and title passed together:

1

Evidence status:

provisional

Narrative / explanation:

Richard de Clare's only child, Isabel, married William Marshal. Through this marriage William Marshal acquired the Lordship of Chepstow and the Earldom of Pembroke.

Other parties:

William Marshal, 1st Earl of Pembroke, Isabel de Clare, suo jure Countess of Pembroke

Previous holder profile:https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=isabel-de-clare**Historical person profile:**https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=william-marshal**Person dates:**

c. 1146–1219

Relationship to present holder

No published relationship path recorded.

HOLDER 7**1258 - 1270****Roger Bigod, 4th Earl of Norfolk, 5th Earl of Norfolk, Marshal of England****Holder position:**

holder

Transfer:

inherited

Previous holder:

Maud Marshal, Countess of Norfolk

Holding arrangement:

sole

From / transferor:

Maud Marshal, Countess of Norfolk

To / transferee:

Roger Bigod, 4th Earl of Norfolk

Assets / rights concerned:

manor_and_title

Instrument type:

hereditary succession

Manor and title passed together:

1

Evidence status:

provisional

Narrative / explanation:

Roger Bigod, 4th Earl of Norfolk, succeeded to the estates including the Lordship of Chepstow.

Other parties:

Roger Bigod, 4th Earl of Norfolk

Previous holder profile:https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=maud-marshal**Historical person profile:**https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=roger-bigod-24377**Person dates:**

died 1306

Relationship to present holder

No published relationship path recorded.

HOLDER 8**1270 - 1306****Roger Bigod, 5th Earl of Norfolk, 4th Earl of Norfolk, Marshal of England****Holder position:**

holder

Transfer:

inherited

Previous holder:

Roger Bigod, 4th Earl of Norfolk

Holding arrangement:

sole

From / transferor:

Roger Bigod, 4th Earl of Norfolk

To / transferee:

Roger Bigod, 5th Earl of Norfolk

Assets / rights concerned:

manor_and_title

Instrument type:

hereditary succession and inquisitorial record

Manor and title passed together:

1

Evidence status:

provisional

Narrative / explanation:

Roger Bigod, 5th and final Earl of Norfolk, succeeded his father in 1270 and held the Lordship of Chepstow until his death. An inquisition of 1306 recorded his tenure from the Crown by knight service.

Other parties:

Roger Bigod, 5th Earl of Norfolk

Previous holder profile:https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=roger-bigod-24377**Historical person profile:**https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=roger-bigod-24377**Person dates:**

died 1306

Relationship to present holder

No published relationship path recorded.

Chepstow

HOLDER 9

1306 - 1312

The Crown

Holder position:

holder

Transfer:

escheated_to

Previous holder:

Roger Bigod, 5th Earl of Norfolk

Holding arrangement:

other

From / transferor:

Roger Bigod, 5th Earl of Norfolk

To / transferee:

The Crown

Assets / rights concerned:

manor_and_title

Instrument type:

escheat

Manor and title passed together:

1

Evidence status:

provisional

Narrative / explanation:

After Roger Bigod's death without issue, Chepstow became Crown property and remained a royal manor for a period.

Other parties:

The Crown

Previous holder profile:https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=roger-bigod-24377**Relationship to present holder**

No published relationship path recorded.

HOLDER 10

1312 - 1338

Thomas de Brotherton, Earl of Norfolk, 1st Earl of Norfolk, Marshal of England, son of Edward I, Earl Marshal of England

Chepstow

Holder position:

holder

Transfer:

granted_to

Previous holder:

The Crown

Holding arrangement:

sole

From / transferor:

The Crown

To / transferee:

Thomas de Brotherton, Earl of Norfolk

Assets / rights concerned:

manor_and_title

Instrument type:

royal grant

Manor and title passed together:

1

Evidence status:

provisional

Narrative / explanation:

Edward II granted the Lordship of Chepstow to his half-brother Thomas de Brotherton in 1312, together with the earldom of Norfolk and the Marshalship of England.

Other parties:

Thomas de Brotherton, Earl of Norfolk

Historical person profile:https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=thomas-of-brotherton**Person dates:**

1300–1338

Relationship to present holder

No published relationship path recorded.

HOLDER 11**1338 - 1338****Edward III, King of England****Holder position:**

holder

Transfer:

surrendered_to

Previous holder:

Thomas de Brotherton, Earl of Norfolk

Chepstow

Holding arrangement:

sole

From / transferor:

Thomas de Brotherton, Earl of Norfolk

To / transferee:

Edward III, King of England

Assets / rights concerned:

manor_and_title

Instrument type:

surrender to the Crown

Manor and title passed together:

1

Evidence status:

provisional

Narrative / explanation:

Thomas de Brotherton surrendered his estates, including Chepstow, to his nephew Edward III in 1338.

Other parties:

Edward III, King of England

Previous holder profile:https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=thomas-of-brotherton

Relationship to present holder

No published relationship path recorded.

HOLDER 12**14th century - 1389****John Hastings, Earl of Pembroke, lord of Chepstow****Holder position:**

holder

Transfer:

inherited

Previous holder:

Margaret, Countess of Norfolk

Holding arrangement:

sole

From / transferor:

Margaret, Countess of Norfolk

To / transferee:

John Hastings, Earl of Pembroke

Assets / rights concerned:

manor_and_title

Instrument type:

hereditary succession

Chepstow

Manor and title passed together:

1

Evidence status:

provisional

Narrative / explanation:

Chepstow passed from Margaret to her grandson John Hastings, Earl of Pembroke, who held it until his death in 1389.

Other parties:

John Hastings, Earl of Pembroke

Historical person profile:https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=john-hastings**Person dates:**

1347–1375

Relationship to present holder

No published relationship path recorded.

HOLDER 13**1389 - 1405****Thomas Mowbray, Duke of Norfolk****Holder position:**

holder

Transfer:

inherited

Previous holder:

John Hastings, Earl of Pembroke

Holding arrangement:

sole

From / transferor:

John Hastings, Earl of Pembroke

To / transferee:

Thomas Mowbray, Duke of Norfolk

Assets / rights concerned:

manor_and_title

Instrument type:

hereditary succession

Manor and title passed together:

1

Evidence status:

provisional

Narrative / explanation:

After John Hastings's death in 1389, Chepstow passed to Thomas Mowbray, Earl of Nottingham, later Duke of Norfolk.

Chepstow

Other parties:

Thomas Mowbray, Duke of Norfolk

Previous holder profile:

https://manorialregistry.com/?mhr_person=john-hastings

Relationship to present holder

No published relationship path recorded.